



Burnham Nurseries Ltd
Forches Cross
Newton Abbot
Devon
TQ12 6PZ

Cattleya

The Cattleyas have been bred with many different families such as Laelia and Guarianthe to make many complex hybrids including Laeliocattleya and Cattlianthe. They tend to have large, showy flowers in bright colours with some miniature varieties too. The species are not so common and come from Brazil and other South American countries. They have upright pseudobulbs with thick, leathery leaves.



Temperature - Min. 12°C Max. 25°C

Light - To help with re-flowering keep all cattleyas shaded from the bright summer sun but with good light in winter.

Watering - Regularly water in summer and in winter give a rest period when hardly any water is required. This is necessary for the re-flowering. Allow to dry out well inbetween waterings.

Feeding - Feed with a Grow feed in spring/summer changing to Bloom feed in the autumn. No feed is needed in the winter.

Bark Type - Use a medium-coarse grade orchid bark for repotting.

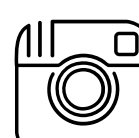
Re-Potting - Repot in the spring or after flowering when making new roots.

Flowering - The blooms come from inside a sheath produced at the top of the newest mature pseudobulb, at the base of the leaf. They can be singular or several on a head. And are annual flowering usually in spring or autumn.

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